epd-norge
Global program operatør

Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

NorDan Kvillsfors Combination inward opening with sec. sash - KF (With Aluminium Cladding)



The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Owner of the declaration:
NorDan AS

Product:
NorDan Kvillsfors Combination inward opening with sec. sash - KF (With Aluminium Cladding)

Declared unit:
1 pcs

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:
CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR
NPCR 014:2019 Part B for Windows and doors

Program operator:
The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Declaration number:

Registration number:

Issue date:

Valid to:

EPD software:
LCAno EPD generator ID: 176331

General information

Product

NorDan Kvillsfors Combination inward opening with sec. sash - KF (With Aluminium Cladding)

Program operator:

Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway
The Norwegian EPD Foundation
Phone: +47 23 08 80 00
web: post@epd-norge.no

Declaration number:

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR
NPCR 014:2019 Part B for Windows and doors

Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Declared unit:

1 pcs NorDan Kvillsfors Combination inward opening with sec. sash - KF (With Aluminium Cladding)

Declared unit with option:

A1-A3,A4,A5,B2,B4,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

Functional unit:

1 fixed frame window with sash, w/sec. sash, and aluminium cladding. The window is measuring 1.23 m x 1.48 m (reference window based on EN 14351-1) with an expected service life of 60 yrs.

General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

Verification of EPD tool:

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Third party verifier:

Gaylord K. Booto, Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU)

(no signature required)

Owner of the declaration:

NorDan AS
Contact person: Fredrik Jonsson
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e-mail: fredrik.jonsson@nordan.se

Manufacturer:

NorDan AB
Grebbestadsvägen 8
457 91 Tanumshede, Sweden

Place of production:

Kvillsfors NorDan AB
Nyboholm
570 16 Kvillsfors, Sweden

Management system:

NS-ISO 9001:2015, NS-EN ISO 14001:2015

Organisation no:

979 776 233

Issue date:

Valid to:

Year of study:

2020

Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system, and has been approved by EPD Norway.

Developer of EPD: Jonas Jonsson

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Linda Jonsson

Approved:

Håkon Hauan, CEO EPD-Norge

Product

Product description:

NorDan Kvillsfors Fixed frame with sash and sec. sash for use in exterior walls of domestic and commercial buildings.

Product specification

NorDan Kvillsfors combination inward opening window with sash and sec. sash, 3-glass - KF, in size 1230x1480 mm is covered in this EPD.
Wooden window with aluminium cladding.
One frame unit divided by a mullion. Combination of one fixed frame part (EL) and one side hung sash with a secondary sash (KS).
The fixed part is triple glazed 4E+16G+4+16G+E4 and the side hung part is glazed with 4+16G+E4 and 4 mm float.

Materials	kg	%
Absorbent - IGU	0,57	0,77
Adhesive and sealant	0,33	0,44
Aluminium	6,37	8,60
Argon gas - IGU	0,05	0,06
Coating materials	0,85	1,15
Gasket	1,00	1,35
Glass	38,79	52,38
Metal	1,21	1,64
Plastic	0,04	0,05
Sealant - IGU	1,30	1,75
Spacer - IGU	0,67	0,91
Wood	22,88	30,89
Total	74,07	

Packaging	kg	%
Packaging - Plastic	0,13	3,45
Packaging - Steel	0,05	1,33
Packaging - Wood	3,59	95,23
Total incl. packaging	77,84	

Technical data:

1 fixed frame window with sash, w/sec. sash, and with aluminium cladding. The frame is 115 mm and is divided by a mullion to one part fixed frame and one inward opening side hung sash with sec. sash. The fixed part is glazed with a 3 layer insulated glass unit and the side hung part is 2+1 glazed. The U-value of the window 1,00 W/m2K.
The total weight of the product is 74,07 kg. Area of functional unit 1,82m2.
Conversion factor is 0,549 for 1m2
The packaging has a average weight of 3,77 kg.

Market:

Europe, but scenarios beyond cradle-to-gate are based on the situation in the Norwegian market.

Reference service life, product

The reference service life is 60 years for aluminium cladding timber frame.

Reference service life, building or construction works

60 years

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

1 pcs NorDan Kvillsfors Combination inward opening with sec. sash - KF (With Aluminium Cladding)

Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis. The PCR specific background data follow the allocation rules in the Ecoinvent v3.7.1 Cut-off database version. The allocation of water, energy and waste flows within the production facilities for windows and doors follows unit-based allocation adjusted with a point system to different product groups or products. This score system is regulated by a factor which increases with the resource intensity of each product. The unit-based allocation is adjusted by the weight of the product, excluding the weight of glass.

Data quality:

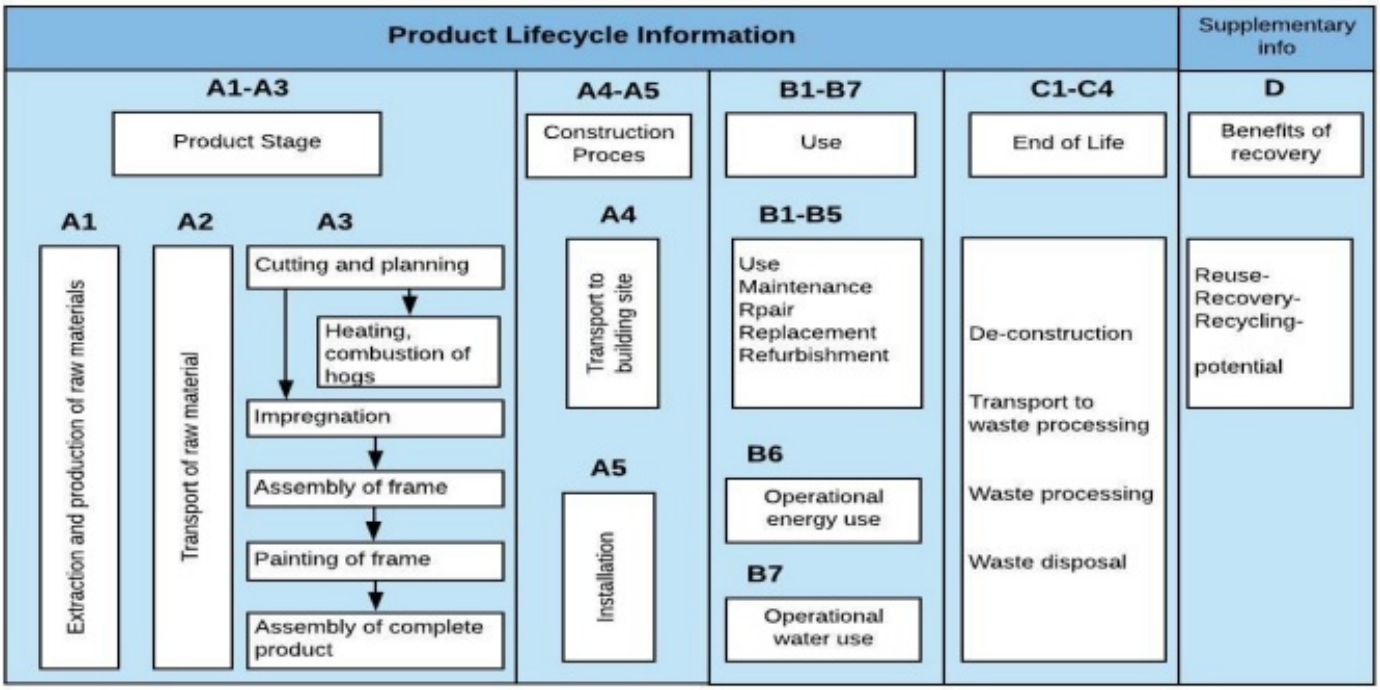
Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.
Material quantities of the specified product in reference size have been calculated by NorDan's business system.
The production data was collected in 2021 and is an average for 2020.

Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
Absorbent - IGU	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Adhesive and sealant	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Aluminium	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Argon gas - IGU	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Database	2020
Coating materials	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Gasket	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Glass	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Database	2020
Metal	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Packaging - Plastic	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging - Steel	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging - Wood	Modified ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Plastic	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Sealant - IGU	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Spacer - IGU	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020
Wood	ecoinvent 3.7.1	Specific	2020

System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

Product stage			Construction installation stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MND	X	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	X

System boundary:



Additional technical information:

For the products with different sizes from the declared unit, the environmental impacts must be converted by using a conversion factor. The Norwegian EPD Foundation has published instructions on how to interpret EPDs for windows on its website (www.epdnorge.no) where different calculation methods have been stated. (Document: Bruksanvisninger i hvordan tolke EPD'er - Vinduer).

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

A4
The transport from production to construction site is based on a scenario where the product is transported on a large truck from Kvillsfors to construction site in Oslo, Norway (500 km).

A5
According to the report from EPD-Norge Harmonising the documentation of scenarios beyond cradle to gate, EN 15804 there is no loss on site during construction activities. The product in this EPD is painted and surface treated in the production and not at the building site. Therefore, there is only 2 items left in this module. 1) Waste treatment of packaging which is considered in the EPD calculations. 1) Energy use during installation. This can be varied depending on the floor, type of building and several other unknown parameters, and therefore ignored in the calculation.

B2/B3
The maintenance scenario includes cleaning and painting. Cleaning is performed three times per year. It is calculated with 30 ml of detergent and 3 liters of water each year. Windows with aluminium cladding are assumed to be painted 3 time from inside. The glazing unit is changed once during the lifetime for the windows with aluminium cladding. No repair is assumed during the product lifetime.

B4/B5
* Number or RSL (Reference Service Life). The window has RSL of 60 years. Therefore, it is assumed to replace the insulated glass unit after 30 years (See Module B2). The RSL is determined by using SINTEF design guide 700.320. There is no need for refurbishment during the product lifetime.

C1
As there are no data for de-construction, it is assumed no activities in C1 in this study. The product is assumed to be treated as mixed waste and sent to incineration. The combustible materials are then energy recovered, while glass is assumed to end up in the bottom ash and then landfilled. The metals are usually sorted out of the bottom ash and then recycled, but there is no data of the share which are recycled and therefore standard values from Ecoinvent is utilized.

C2
The transport of the product as waste is calculated based on a scenario with 50 km distance.

C3
Windows are assumed to be sorted as mixed construction waste and treated with incineration with energy recovery. However, the manufacturer has documented the recycling potentials for its product in the Building Product Declaration.
BPD is published on NorDan's public document system, NDocs.
In the documentation, chapter 10, the specific material and energy recovery potential for the product is reported.

C1, C3, C4
The benefits beyond life cycle have been modelled based on the output flows from module C3. This includes energy from incineration and scrap metal recovered from the ashes. The amount recovered metal is assumed to avoid production of primary metals in accordance to 6.4.3.3 in EN 15804. The exported energy is substituting Norwegian district heating mix and electricity mix. Inventory processes causing substitution of avoided virgin raw materials has been constructed for each material.

Transport from production place to user (A4)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, over 32 tonnes, EURO 6 (kgkm) - RER	53,3 %	500	0,023	l/tkm	11,50

Assembly (A5)	Unit	Value			
Waste, metal, average treatment (kg)	kg	0,05			
Waste, packaging, pallet, EUR wooden pallet, reusable, average treatment (kg) A5	kg	3,59			
Waste, packaging, plastic film (LDPE), to average treatment (kg)	kg	0,13			

Maintenance (B2)	Unit	Value			
110 Plastic parts, gasket, Ethylene propylene diene monomer (EPDM), Europe (kg)	kg/DU	0,19			
179 Uncoated flat glass, Europe (kg)	kg/DU	19,92			
180 Coated flat glass, Europe (kg)	kg/DU	12,94			
193 Spacer for IGU, Europe (kg)	kg/DU	0,67			
194 Argon gas for IGU, liquid, global (kg)	kg/DU	0,05			
208 Sealant for IGU, generic, global (kg)	kg/DU	1,30			
209 Absorbent for IGU, generic, global (kg)	kg/DU	0,57			
Detergent, Husvask (kg)	kg/DU	1,84			
Lubricating oil (kg) - RER	kg/DU	0,30			
Paint, 40% water, wet mass (kg)	kg/DU	0,51			
Truck, over 32 tonnes, EURO 5 (kgkm) - RER	kgkm/DU	795,00			
Waste paint, 40% water, wet mass, incineration in Norway (kg)	kg	0,51			
Waste, glass, incineration (kg)	kg	32,86			
Waste, metal, average treatment (kg)	kg	0,28			
Waste, plastic, mixture, for incineration (kg)	kg	0,46			
Waste, polyurethane, for incineration (kg)	kg	1,87			
Waste, rubber, unspecified, for incineration (kg)	kg	0,19			
Water, tap water (kg) - Europe without Switzerland	kg/DU	180,00			

Transport to waste processing (C2)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, unspecified (kgkm) - RER	48,7 %	50	0,051	l/tkm	2,55

Waste processing (C3)	Unit	Value			
Materials to recycling (kg)	kg	0,92			
Waste treatment per kg Glass, incineration with fly ash extraction (kg) - CH - C3	kg	38,84			
Waste treatment per kg Paint, hazardous waste incineration (kg) - C3	kg	0,74			
Waste treatment per kg Plastic, Mixture, municipal incineration with fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,50			
Waste treatment per kg Polyurethane (PU), incineration (kg)	kg	2,74			
Waste treatment per kg Rubber, municipal incineration with fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	1,00			
Waste treatment per kg Scrap aluminium, incineration with fly ash extraction (kg) - CH - C3	kg	7,44			
Waste treatment per kg Scrap steel, incineration with fly ash extraction (kg) - CH - C3	kg	0,43			
Waste treatment per kg Wood, from incineration (kg)	kg	24,64			

Disposal (C4)	Unit	Value			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Glass, process of ashes and residues (kg) - CH - C4	kg	38,84			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Plastics, Mixture, municipal incineration with fly ash extraction, process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,02			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Polyurethane (PU), process per kg ashes and residues - C4 (kg)	kg	0,10			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Rubber, process per kg ashes and residues - C4 (kg)	kg	0,05			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Scrap aluminium, process of ashes and residues (kg) - CH - C4	kg	6,66			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Scrap steel, process of ashes and residues (kg) - CH - C4	kg	0,29			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Wood, process per kg ashes and residues - C4 (kg)	kg	0,28			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration per kg Paint, hazardous waste incineration (kg)	kg	0,02			

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)	Unit	Value			
Substitution of electricity, in Norway (MJ)	MJ	28,00			
Substitution of primary aluminium with net scrap (kg)	kg	0,51			
Substitution of primary steel with net scrap (kg)	kg	0,82			
Substitution of thermal energy, district heating, in Norway (MJ)	MJ	423,60			

LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

Environmental impact											
Indicator		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	GWP-total	kg CO_2 -eq	9,99E+01	3,39E+00	5,46E+00	5,59E+01	0	0	5,13E-01	5,20E+01	5,24E-01	-8,05E+00
	GWP-fossil	kg CO_2 -eq	1,41E+02	3,39E+00	1,58E-02	5,52E+01	0	0	5,12E-01	1,46E+01	5,24E-01	-7,85E+00
	GWP-biogenic	kg CO_2 -eq	-4,13E+01	1,45E-03	5,44E+00	3,74E-01	0	0	2,20E-04	3,74E+01	3,90E-04	-2,62E-02
	GWP-luluc	kg CO_2 -eq	3,02E-01	1,03E-03	2,28E-06	4,08E-01	0	0	1,81E-04	3,91E-04	1,56E-04	-1,70E-01
	ODP	kg CFC11 -eq	1,82E-05	8,17E-07	1,55E-09	6,41E-06	0	0	1,17E-07	2,34E-07	1,60E-07	-1,79E-01
	AP	mol H+ -eq	1,14E+00	1,09E-02	5,44E-05	4,46E-01	0	0	2,92E-03	1,43E-02	3,66E-03	-5,52E-02
	EP-FreshWater	kg P -eq	4,99E-03	2,70E-05	8,46E-08	1,35E-03	0	0	4,21E-06	1,76E-05	5,26E-06	-4,48E-04
	EP-Marine	kg N -eq	2,02E-01	2,39E-03	2,91E-05	7,65E-02	0	0	1,04E-03	6,57E-03	1,30E-03	-1,14E-02
	EP-Terrestial	mol N -eq	2,29E+00	2,67E-02	2,33E-04	8,76E-01	0	0	1,15E-02	6,65E-02	1,44E-02	-1,23E-01
	POCP	kg NMVOC -eq	6,64E-01	1,05E-02	6,38E-05	2,34E-01	0	0	3,29E-03	1,68E-02	4,15E-03	-3,85E-02
	ADP-minerals&metals[1]	kg Sb-eq	2,31E-03	6,04E-05	1,52E-07	6,26E-04	0	0	1,33E-05	6,35E-06	8,92E-06	-3,30E-05
	ADP-fossil[1]	MJ	1,98E+03	5,51E+01	1,10E-01	6,46E+02	0	0	7,86E+00	1,70E+01	1,18E+01	-9,99E+01
	WDP[1]	m^3	1,76E+04	4,22E+01	2,48E-01	9,23E+01	0	0	7,45E+00	6,55E+01	2,42E+01	-2,97E+03

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"
*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

Remarks to environmental impacts

Global warming potential in A1-A3 includes sequestration of carbon in the wood. This amount is accounted as an emission in module C3. Additionally, it is included sequestration in the wood packaging. This is accounted as an emission in module A5.

Additional environmental impact indicators

Indicator		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	PM	Disease incidence	1,55E-05	3,11E-07	7,51E-10	4,51E-06	0	0	4,67E-08	1,92E-07	6,68E-08	-1,61E-06
	IRP[2]	kgBq U235 -eq	1,24E+01	2,41E-01	4,44E-04	1,75E+00	0	0	3,44E-02	5,99E-02	4,76E-02	-4,70E-01
	ETP-fw[1]	CTUe	4,75E+03	4,03E+01	1,13E-01	2,08E+03	0	0	5,88E+00	8,48E+01	7,11E+00	-3,09E+02
	HTP-c[1]	CTUh	3,37E-07	0,00E+00	8,00E-12	9,36E-08	0	0	0,00E+00	7,51E-09	2,58E-10	-1,92E-08
	HTP-nc[1]	CTUh	4,01E-06	3,89E-08	3,92E-10	8,48E-07	0	0	7,78E-09	8,69E-08	6,92E-09	-2,22E-07
	SQP[1]	dimensionless	1,03E+04	6,31E+01	1,13E-01	2,65E+02	0	0	6,73E+00	5,99E+00	2,58E+01	-2,36E+02

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"
*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator
2. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Resource use

Indicator		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	PERE	MJ	7,74E+02	6,93E-01	2,39E-03	4,00E+01	0	0	1,13E-01	2,34E+00	2,23E-01	-2,38E+02
	PERM	MJ	4,40E+02	0,00E+00	-4,98E+01	0,00E+00	0	0	0,00E+00	-3,91E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	PERT	MJ	1,21E+03	6,93E-01	-4,98E+01	4,00E+01	0	0	1,13E-01	-3,88E+02	2,23E-01	-2,38E+02
	PENRE	MJ	1,83E+03	5,51E+01	1,10E-01	5,70E+02	0	0	7,86E+00	1,70E+01	1,18E+01	-9,99E+01
	PENRM	MJ	1,39E+02	0,00E+00	-5,52E+00	0,00E+00	0	0	0,00E+00	-1,34E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	PENRT	MJ	1,97E+03	5,51E+01	-5,41E+00	5,70E+02	0	0	7,86E+00	-1,17E+02	1,18E+01	-9,99E+01
	SM	kg	5,37E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,33E-02	0	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	RSF	MJ	9,80E-01	2,42E-02	6,75E-05	4,17E-02	0	0	4,01E-03	4,89E-02	5,91E-03	-1,40E-02
	NRSF	MJ	1,78E+00	8,12E-02	4,80E-04	8,76E-02	0	0	1,41E-02	0,00E+00	2,75E-01	-1,19E+01
	FW	m^3	4,24E+00	6,27E-03	6,49E-05	6,51E-01	0	0	8,90E-04	2,41E-02	1,07E-02	-3,76E-01

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"
*INA Indicator Not Assessed

End of life - Waste

Indicator		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	HWD	kg	1,71E+00	3,01E-03	0,00E+00	3,84E+01	0	0	4,24E-04	0,00E+00	4,61E+01	1,26E-02
	NHWD	kg	3,82E+01	4,79E+00	3,60E-01	7,85E+00	0	0	4,87E-01	3,88E+01	5,06E-01	-2,50E+00
	RWD	kg	9,81E-03	3,76E-04	0,00E+00	2,13E-03	0	0	5,35E-05	0,00E+00	7,28E-05	-4,15E-04

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"
*INA Indicator Not Assessed

End of life - Output flow

Indicator		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,41E+00	0,00E+00	0	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	MFR	kg	2,32E+00	0,00E+00	1,16E-01	2,97E-01	0	0	0,00E+00	9,19E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	MER	kg	1,68E+00	0,00E+00	1,78E-01	8,04E-05	0	0	0,00E+00	7,56E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	EEE	MJ	8,91E-01	0,00E+00	1,24E-01	4,33E+00	0	0	0,00E+00	2,39E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	EET	MJ	1,30E+01	0,00E+00	1,87E+00	6,31E+01	0	0	0,00E+00	3,62E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"
*INA Indicator Not Assessed

Biogenic Carbon Content

Indicator	Unit	At the factory gate
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	1,46E+01
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	kg C	1,48E+00

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2

Additional requirements

Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Data source	Amount	Unit
Electricity, Poland (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	1060,47	g CO2-eq/kWh
Electricity, Sweden (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	54,94	g CO2-eq/kWh

Dangerous substances

The product contains substances given by the REACH Candidate list that are less than 0,1 % by weight.

Indoor environment

The product has not been tested for emissions to indoor environments.

Additional Environmental Information

Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products											
Indicator	**Unit**	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWPIOBC	kg CO_2 -eq	1,56E+02	3,39E+00	1,58E-02	5,58E+01	0	0	5,13E-01	1,46E+01	5,26E-01	-8,25E+00

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.

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