

# Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

MS-100



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**TROX<sup>®</sup> TECHNIK**  
The art of handling air

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The Norwegian EPD Foundation

**Owner of the declaration:**

TROX Group

**Product:**

MS-100

**Declared unit:**

1 pcs

**This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:**

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR

NPCR 030:2021 Part B for ventilation components

**Program operator:**

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

**Declaration number:**

**Registration number:**

**Issue date:**

**Valid to:**

**EPD software:**

LCAno EPD generator ID: 396709

## General information

### Product

MS-100

### Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation  
Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway  
Phone: +47 977 22 020  
web: [www.epd-norge.no](http://www.epd-norge.no)

### Declaration number:

### This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR  
NPCR 030:2021 Part B for ventilation components

### Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

### Declared unit:

1 pcs MS-100

### Declared unit with option:

A1-A3,A4,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

### Functional unit:

-

### General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

### Verification of EPD tool:

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Third party verifier:

Alexander Borg, Asplan Viak AS

(no signature required)

### Owner of the declaration:

TROX Group  
Contact person: Alina Buchner  
Phone: +49 2845 2020  
e-mail: [productsustainability-de@troxgroup.com](mailto:productsustainability-de@troxgroup.com)

### Manufacturer:

TROX Group  
Heinrich-Trox-Platz 1  
47506 Neukirchen-Vluyn, Germany

### Place of production:

TROX GmbH - Werk Anholt  
Gendringer Str. 85  
46419 Isselburg, Germany

### Management system:

ISO 9001, ISO 14001:2015, ISO 50001:2018

### Organisation no:

DE 120250070

### Issue date:

### Valid to:

### Year of study:

2023

### Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

### Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system and has been approved by EPD Norway.

Developer of EPD: Jule Dallmann

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: David Meiering

### Approved:

## Product

### Product description:

Splitter sound attenuator with high insertion loss, even in the low-frequency range.

For more information see: <https://www.trox.de/en/splitter-sound-attenuators/ms-7db0ac71f60e1f06>.

### Product specification

Splitter sound attenuators used for the reduction of fan noise and air-regenerated noise in ventilation and air conditioning systems. Attenuation effect due to absorption and resonance. Energy-saving as well as hygiene tested and certified. Splitter sound attenuator that consist of a duct with connections and integral type MK splitters or a splitter set. Splitters consist of an aerodynamically formed frame (bullnose radius 20 mm), sound absorbing material, and resonating panels. The splitter frame reduces pressure losses and air-regenerated noise. The profiled frame with bullnose edges increase the stiffness of the splitter. Insertion loss and sound power level of air-regenerated noise measured according to EN ISO 7235. For requirements in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX), zones 1, 2, 21 and 22 (outside) according to Directive 1999/92/EC. The duct meets leakage class C and pressure class 2 according to EN 15727.

This EPD includes the environmental data of the product series MS-100.

The following represents a specific dataset of the most sold variant in the declared sales year (MS-F/500x250x1200/2x100/P).

| Materials                 | kg    | %      |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|
| Insulation, Mineral based | 39,60 | 64,30  |
| Metal - Galvanized Steel  | 21,95 | 35,64  |
| Plastic - Polyethylene    | 0,03  | 0,05   |
| Total                     | 61,58 | 100,00 |

| Packaging             | kg    | %      |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| Packaging - Pallet    | 6,50  | 98,86  |
| Packaging - Plastic   | 0,08  | 1,14   |
| Total incl. packaging | 68,16 | 100,00 |

### Technical data:

Splitter thickness: 100, 200, 230 mm.

Nominal sizes (B × H × L):

Type MS 100: 150 × 150 × 500 mm – 2400 × 1800 × 1500 mm.

Type MS 200: 250 × 150 × 500 mm – 2400 × 1800 × 1500 mm.

Type MS 230: 288 × 150 × 500 mm – 2400 × 1800 × 1500 mm.

Width subdivided: 2401 – 4800 mm.

Height subdivide: 1801 – 3600 mm.

Length subdivided: 1501 – 3000 mm.

Intermediate sizes: In increments of 1 mm.

Operating temperature: Up to 100 °C, variant L up to 300 °C for 8 h max.

The length (L) of splitter sound attenuators refers to the airflow direction.

For more technical information see: <https://www.trox.de/en/splitter-sound-attenuators/ms-7db0ac71f60e1f06#technical-information>.

### Market:

Europe.

### Reference service life, product

20-25 years.

### Reference service life, building or construction works

60 years.

## LCA: Calculation rules

### Declared unit:

1 pcs MS-100

### Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

### Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Energy, water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

### Data quality:

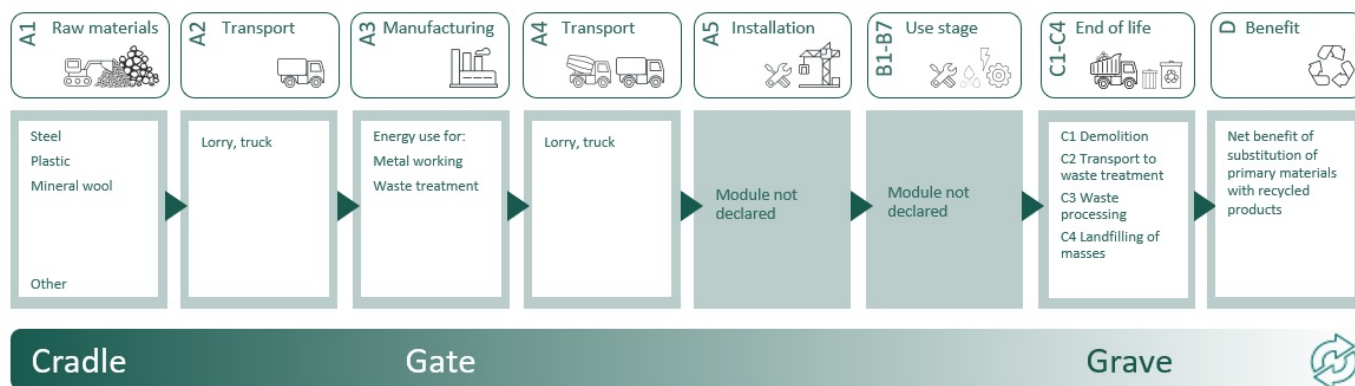
Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

| Materials                 | Source        | Data quality | Year |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------|
| Insulation, Mineral based | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2019 |
| Metal - Galvanized Steel  | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2019 |
| Metal - Galvanized Steel  | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2020 |
| Packaging - Pallet        | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2019 |
| Packaging - Plastic       | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2019 |
| Plastic - Polyethylene    | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database     | 2019 |

## System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

| Product stage |           |               | Construction installation stage | Use stage |     |             |        |             |               |                        |                       | End of life stage          |           |                  |          | Beyond the system boundaries        |
|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport                       | Assembly  | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential |
| A1            | A2        | A3            | A4                              | A5        | B1  | B2          | B3     | B4          | B5            | B6                     | B7                    | C1                         | C2        | C3               | C4       | D                                   |
| X             | X         | X             | X                               | MND       | MND | MND         | MND    | MND         | MND           | MND                    | MND                   | X                          | X         | X                | X        | X                                   |

### System boundary:



### Additional technical information:

Splitter sound attenuator, basically a duct section with integral splitters (type MK) with resonating panels, for ventilation and air conditioning systems.

Attenuation effect due to absorption and resonance.

Energy efficient due to aerodynamically formed frame (bullnose radius 20 mm).

Sound absorbing material is biosoluble and hence hygienically safe.

Sound absorbing material faced with glass fibre fabric as a protection against erosion due to airflow velocities up to 20 m/s.

The sound absorbing material is non-combustible, to EN 13501, fire rating class A1.

Leakage class C and pressure class 2 according to EN 15727.

For use in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres (according to EC Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX)), zones 1, 2, and zones 21 and 22 (outside) according to EC Directive 1999/92/EC.

Operating temperature up to 100 °C, with expanded metal (variant L) up to 300 °C for a limited period of time.

### Optional equipment and accessories:

Expanded metal as an additional mechanical protection for the sound absorbing material.

Stainless steel variant A2 (1. 4301), with optional perforated metal facing as an additional protection for the sound absorbing material.

Other stainless steel and aluminium variants as well as PUR coating are upon request.

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

| Transport from production place to user (A4)                                                        | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Distance (km) | Fuel/Energy Consumption | Unit  | Value (Liter/tonne) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)                                                                    | 36,7 %                                | 800           | 0,043                   | l/tkm | 34,40               |
| De-construction demolition (C1)                                                                     | Unit                                  | Value         |                         |       |                     |
| Demolition of building per kg of ventilation product (kg)                                           | kg/DU                                 | 61,56         |                         |       |                     |
| Transport to waste processing (C2)                                                                  | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Distance (km) | Fuel/Energy Consumption | Unit  | Value (Liter/tonne) |
| Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)                                                                    | 36,7 %                                | 50            | 0,043                   | l/tkm | 2,15                |
| Waste processing (C3)                                                                               | Unit                                  | Value         |                         |       |                     |
| Materials to recycling (kg)                                                                         | kg                                    | 19,76         |                         |       |                     |
| Waste treatment per kg Polyethylene (PE), incineration (kg)                                         | kg                                    | 0,02          |                         |       |                     |
| Disposal (C4)                                                                                       | Unit                                  | Value         |                         |       |                     |
| Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Polyethylene (PE), process per kg ashes and residues (kg) | kg                                    | 0,00          |                         |       |                     |
| Waste, aluminium, to landfill (kg)                                                                  | kg                                    | 0,20          |                         |       |                     |
| Waste, mineral wool, to landfil (kg)                                                                | kg                                    | 39,60         |                         |       |                     |
| Waste, plastic, mixture, to landfill (kg)                                                           | kg                                    | 0,02          |                         |       |                     |
| Waste, scrap steel, to landfill (kg)                                                                | kg                                    | 1,99          |                         |       |                     |
| Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)                                                 | Unit                                  | Value         |                         |       |                     |
| Substitution of electricity (MJ)                                                                    | MJ                                    | 0,03          |                         |       |                     |
| Substitution of primary steel with net scrap (kg)                                                   | kg                                    | 4,62          |                         |       |                     |
| Substitution of thermal energy, district heating (MJ)                                               | MJ                                    | 0,48          |                         |       |                     |

## LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

| Environmental impact                                                                                               |                        |          |          |          |          |          |          |           |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--|
| Indicator                                                                                                          | Unit                   | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |  |
|  GWP-total                        | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq | 1,40E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 8,12E-02 | 5,57E-01 | 4,98E-02 | 2,22E-01 | -5,09E+00 |  |
|  GWP-fossil                       | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq | 1,38E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 8,12E-02 | 5,57E-01 | 4,98E-02 | 2,22E-01 | -5,09E+00 |  |
|  GWP-biogenic                     | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq | 1,76E+00 | 3,69E-03 | 1,52E-05 | 2,30E-04 | 4,03E-07 | 1,57E-04 | -2,81E-03 |  |
|  GWP-luluc                        | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq | 1,16E-01 | 3,17E-03 | 6,40E-06 | 1,98E-04 | 5,91E-08 | 6,10E-05 | -2,38E-03 |  |
|  ODP                              | kg CFC11 -eq           | 1,15E-05 | 2,02E-06 | 1,75E-08 | 1,26E-07 | 3,80E-11 | 9,09E-08 | -2,05E-04 |  |
|  AP                               | mol H <sup>+</sup> -eq | 1,33E+00 | 2,56E-02 | 8,49E-04 | 1,60E-03 | 6,23E-06 | 2,09E-03 | -2,53E-02 |  |
|  EP-FreshWater                    | kg P -eq               | 7,24E-03 | 7,12E-05 | 2,95E-07 | 4,45E-06 | 3,82E-09 | 2,46E-06 | -3,13E-04 |  |
|  EP-Marine                        | kg N -eq               | 1,50E-01 | 5,06E-03 | 3,75E-04 | 3,17E-04 | 2,99E-06 | 7,23E-04 | -5,24E-03 |  |
|  EP-Terrestrial                   | mol N -eq              | 3,64E+00 | 5,67E-02 | 4,11E-03 | 3,54E-03 | 3,24E-05 | 7,95E-03 | -5,35E-02 |  |
|  POCP                             | kg NMVOC -eq           | 6,04E-01 | 2,17E-02 | 1,13E-03 | 1,36E-03 | 7,75E-06 | 2,31E-03 | -2,55E-02 |  |
|  ADP-minerals&metals <sup>1</sup> | kg Sb-eq               | 7,93E-02 | 2,46E-04 | 1,25E-07 | 1,54E-05 | 1,74E-09 | 2,01E-06 | -8,78E-05 |  |
|  ADP-fossil <sup>1</sup>          | MJ                     | 1,83E+03 | 1,35E+02 | 1,12E+00 | 8,42E+00 | 3,26E-03 | 6,18E+00 | -4,28E+01 |  |
|  WDP <sup>1</sup>                 | m <sup>3</sup>         | 1,54E+04 | 1,30E+02 | 2,37E-01 | 8,14E+00 | 7,37E-03 | 4,16E+00 | 2,63E+02  |  |

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

## Remarks to environmental impacts

### Additional environmental impact indicators

| Indicator                                                                                             | Unit              | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
|  PM                  | Disease incidence | 1,15E-05 | 5,45E-07 | 2,25E-08 | 3,41E-08 | 2,40E-11 | 4,06E-08 | -4,24E-07 |
|  IRP <sup>2</sup>    | kgBq U235 -eq     | 7,40E+00 | 5,89E-01 | 4,79E-03 | 3,68E-02 | 5,50E-06 | 2,56E-02 | 1,80E-02  |
|  ETP-fw <sup>1</sup> | CTUe              | 4,11E+03 | 9,98E+01 | 6,11E-01 | 6,24E+00 | 9,72E-03 | 1,30E+02 | -2,84E+02 |
|  HTP-c <sup>1</sup>  | CTUh              | 6,91E-07 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,00E-12 | 9,00E-11 | -2,45E-08 |
|  HTP-nc <sup>1</sup> | CTUh              | 6,67E-06 | 1,09E-07 | 5,54E-10 | 6,82E-09 | 4,20E-11 | 2,80E-09 | 5,31E-07  |
|  SQP <sup>1</sup>    | dimensionless     | 1,98E+03 | 9,42E+01 | 1,42E-01 | 5,89E+00 | 3,95E-04 | 1,31E+01 | -3,47E+00 |

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 =  $9,0 \cdot 10^{-3}$  = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

2. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

| Resource use                                                                            |                |          |          |          |          |           |          |           |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| Indicator                                                                               | Unit           | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3        | C4       | D         |  |
|  PERE  | MJ             | 2,78E+02 | 1,93E+00 | 6,04E-03 | 1,20E-01 | 9,57E-05  | 6,10E-02 | -3,72E+00 |  |
|  PERM  | MJ             | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |  |
|  PERT  | MJ             | 2,78E+02 | 1,93E+00 | 6,04E-03 | 1,20E-01 | 9,57E-05  | 6,10E-02 | -3,72E+00 |  |
|  PENRE | MJ             | 1,83E+03 | 1,35E+02 | 1,12E+00 | 8,42E+00 | 3,26E-03  | 6,18E+00 | -4,28E+01 |  |
|  PENRM | MJ             | 1,40E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,40E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |  |
|  PENRT | MJ             | 1,83E+03 | 1,35E+02 | 1,12E+00 | 8,42E+00 | -1,40E+00 | 6,18E+00 | -4,28E+01 |  |
|  SM    | kg             | 1,55E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 5,49E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00  |  |
|  RSF   | MJ             | 6,94E+00 | 6,90E-02 | 1,49E-04 | 4,31E-03 | 2,70E-06  | 1,38E-03 | 1,84E-01  |  |
|  NRSF  | MJ             | 3,58E+01 | 2,47E-01 | 2,19E-03 | 1,54E-02 | 0,00E+00  | 6,01E-03 | 5,33E+00  |  |
|  FW    | m <sup>3</sup> | 1,54E+00 | 1,44E-02 | 5,75E-05 | 9,00E-04 | 9,20E-06  | 6,65E-03 | -1,10E-02 |  |

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

\*Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10<sup>-3</sup> = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

### End of life - Waste

| Indicator                                                                              | Unit | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
|  HWD  | kg   | 9,82E-01 | 6,95E-03 | 3,29E-05 | 4,34E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 9,44E-04 | -2,64E-02 |
|  NHWD | kg   | 3,36E+01 | 6,55E+00 | 1,32E-03 | 4,09E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,18E+01 | -2,08E+00 |
|  RWD  | kg   | 6,37E-03 | 9,17E-04 | 7,76E-06 | 5,73E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 3,83E-05 | 1,38E-05  |

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

\*Reading example: 9,0 E-03 =  $9,0 \cdot 10^{-3}$  = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

### End of life - Output flow

| Indicator                                                                             | Unit | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|  CRU | kg   | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
|  MFR | kg   | 7,52E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 5,39E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,98E+01 | 1,49E-03 | 0,00E+00 |
|  MER | kg   | 2,44E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,67E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 1,65E-02 | 1,20E-05 | 0,00E+00 |
|  EEE | MJ   | 1,44E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 5,73E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 3,20E-02 | 1,06E-04 | 0,00E+00 |
|  EET | MJ   | 2,17E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 8,66E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 4,84E-01 | 1,60E-03 | 0,00E+00 |

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

\*Reading example: 9,0 E-03 =  $9,0 \cdot 10^{-3}$  = 0,009"

\*INA Indicator Not Assessed

### Biogenic Carbon Content

| Indicator                                         | Unit | At the factory gate |
|---------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Biogenic carbon content in product                | kg C | 0,00E+00            |
| Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging | kg C | 0,00E+00            |

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO<sub>2</sub>

## Additional requirements

### Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

| Electricity mix                         | Source        | Amount | Unit                      |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------------|
| Electricity, market mix (kWh) - Germany | ecoinvent 3.6 | 585,93 | g CO <sub>2</sub> -eq/kWh |

### Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list.

### Indoor environment

## Additional Environmental Information

| Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products |                        |          |          |          |          |          |          |           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Indicator                                                                                    | Unit                   | A1-A3    | A4       | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       | D         |
| GWPIOBC                                                                                      | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq | 1,40E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 8,12E-02 | 5,57E-01 | 4,98E-02 | 2,22E-01 | -7,62E+00 |

GWPI-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.

## Bibliography

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.

ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products.

ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products.

ecoinvent v3, Allocation, cut-off by classification, Swiss Centre of Life Cycle Inventories.

Iversen et al., (2021) eEPD v2021.09 Background information for EPD generator tool system verification, LCA.no Report number: 07.21

Graafland and Iversen (2022) EPD generator for NPCR 030 Ventilation components, Background information for EPD generator application and LCA data, LCA.no report number: 12.22

NPCR Part A: Construction products and services. Ver. 2.0. April 2021, EPD-Norge.

NPCR 030 Part B for Ventilation components, Ver. 1.0, 18.05.2021, EPD Norway.

EN ISO 9001:2015 - Quality management systems.

EN ISO 14001:2015 - Environmental management systems.

EN ISO 50001:2018 - Energy management systems.

|                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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